Political Science 4700
Constitutional Law: Powers
Spring 2016
Time and Location: 12:30-1:45 Journalism 504

Instructor: Teena Wilhelm
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Office Phone: 706 542-6110
Office Hours: Tues 11-12 and by appointment
Email: twilhelm@uga.edu

Purpose of Course:
POLS 4700 is part of a sequence of courses dealing with the theory and practice of American constitutional law. This segment deals primarily with separation of powers within the national government and with issues of federalism.

Required Text:

COURSE REQUIREMENTS
The assignments listed below are intended to provide each student with several opportunities to demonstrate achievement of the course objectives. Specific requirements are as follows:

1. Examination One 25 percent
2. Examination Two 25 percent
3. Class Participation 20 percent
4. Hypotheticals 20 percent
5. Moot Court 10 percent

DESCRIPTION OF COURSE REQUIREMENTS

Class Participation (20 percent):
You should attend class, as much as possible, all of the time. That’s a good general rule to follow for all of your classes, not just mine. It ensures that you don’t waste your money, or your parent’s money, or the money you’ve earned with all of your high school diligence. Still, you should do more than simply “show-up.” Participation represents an integral part of this course, and attendance will be observed (and also formally taken) in all classes. Participation points are partly based upon regular attendance. The other portion of the grade is derived from actual class participation. To receive an A or B for class participation you must attend all classes, discuss the assigned reading and cases, and participate daily in class discussions and class activities, including moot court simulations. Class prep should include reading and “briefing” cases prior to class. While at first, briefing cases may seem tedious or overkill, with practice it will become easier.

Examinations (50 percent):
There will be 2 non-comprehensive exams each worth 25 percent. The exams will be mostly short answer. The basic thrust of the exams in this course is to identify and understand the specific ruling issued by the Court in a given case as well as the standard of review utilized in the case, and to assess the political significance of the decision for the development of public policy. Students are responsible for all background and related material offered in the text and lectures. Students who have a legitimate reason for missing the exam must notify the professor before the exam and provide the professor with validating evidence (e.g., note from doctor). Students with a valid excuse will be allowed to makeup the first exam during the professor’s office hours no later than one week after the regularly scheduled examination date. Be forewarned: I will make exceptions under only the most unusual of circumstances.
Hypotheticals (20 percent):
Hypothetical questions are those in which you are given a case scenario and expected to compose an attorney’s argument in response to the case described. They will be given on assigned days with the topic known beforehand (one week in advance). There will be a total of 4 given throughout the semester.

Moot Courts (10 percent):
Moot Court Simulation – Participation as attorney or justice, which requires that each student participate fully in the 30 minutes of oral argument as well as the decision-on-the-merits stage.
The moot court exercise is designed to familiarize students with techniques for conducting legal research and to increase understanding of the process through which United States Supreme Court decisions are reached. Students will be given actual cases on the current SCOTUS docket to simulate the process of oral argument and decision making in the Court. As such, each student will act as attorney, justice, or amicus in one of these cases. Students who sign-up as attorneys will work as a team to research the relevant case law, develop written briefs to assist presentation, and participate in oral argument before the court. Students who participate as justices will act as a justice during oral argument, conference, and decision on the merits. Students who participate as amicus will write an amicus brief to be turned in to the professor and the justices before the case is scheduled for argument. Students will have an opportunity to sign up for their preferred case and role as the semester progresses. Anyone who misses the deadline for sign-ups will be assigned a case and role by the professor.

GRADING

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<tr>
<th>Grade</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A</td>
<td>94-100</td>
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<tr>
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<td>90-93</td>
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<td>D</td>
<td>60-69</td>
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<tr>
<td>F</td>
<td>below 60 or failure to receive a grade of D or better on all components</td>
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ACADEMIC HONESTY AND PROFESSIONALISM

Standards of Conduct for Students:
Students should behave in a professional manner at all times. It is essential that the environment in this classroom and any other classroom be conducive to learning and tolerant of all races, ethnic groups, and gender. Any student behaving in a manner that is in any way disruptive or inappropriate to the professor or to other students in the class will be referred to the appropriate authority.

Academic Honesty:
All students are responsible for maintaining the highest standards of honesty and integrity in every phase of their academic careers. For related information on University policy, see *A Culture of Honesty at the University of Georgia* issued by the Office of the Vice President for Instruction.
COURSE OUTLINE

Part One. Introductory Material

I. The U.S. Constitution and the Supreme Court (E&W p3-47)

*District of Columbia v. Heller*

A. The Constitution and Its Key Features
B. The American Legal System
   1. Structure
   2. Supreme Court Procedures
C. Modes of Constitutional Decisionmaking

Part Two. The Distribution of Power among the Branches of Government

II. The Judiciary (E&W, Chapter 2)

A. Judicial Review (E&W p.57-89)

   Focus Cases: *Marbury v. Madison* (1803), *Martin v. Hunter’s Lessee* (1816)

B. Constraints on Judicial Power (E&W p 89-119)

   2. Justiciability
      a. Advisory Opinions
      b. Collusive Suits
      c. Mootness
      d. Ripeness
   3. The Separation of Powers System as a Constraint

III. The Legislature (E&W Chapter 3)

A. The Independence and Integrity of Congress (E&W, p120-144)

   2. The Speech or Debate Clause--Focus Case: *Gravel v. United States* (1972)

B. The Sources and Scope of Congressional Power (E&W p144-181)

   2. Inherent Powers—Focus Case: *United States v. Curtiss-Wright Export Corp.* (1936)

IV. The Executive (E&W, Chapter 4)

B. Faithful Execution of the Laws (E&Wp198-204). Focus Case: In re Neagle (1890)

C. The Domestic Powers of the President (E&Wp205-252)
   5. The Power to Pardon—Focus Cases: Ex parte Grossman (1925), Murphy v. Ford (1975)

D. Foreign Policy (E&Wp252-256). Focus Case: United States v. Curtiss-Wright Export Corp. (1936)

***Test 1 will cover material to this point, date TBA***

V. Separation of Powers System in Action (E&W, Chapter 5)

A. Domestic Disputes (E&W p. 257-277)


Part Three. Nation-State Relations

VI. Federalism: (E&W p. 325-350).


B. New Judicial Federalism and National Preemption of State Laws (E&W p. 370-390) Focus cases: Murdock v City of Memphis; Michigan v Long; State of Missouri v Holland; Crosby v NFTC

VII. The Commerce Power (E&W, Chapters 7)


VIII. The Power to Tax and Spend (Ch 8) and Takings Clause (Ch 11): Cases and reading TBA

[Midterm exam will be somewhere near end of February/ early March, date TBA]

[Spring Break is March 7-11]

[Moot Courts are scheduled for April 19, 21, and 26]

[Final is scheduled for Thursday May 5th, 12-3pm]